

TheJagWrangler LLC

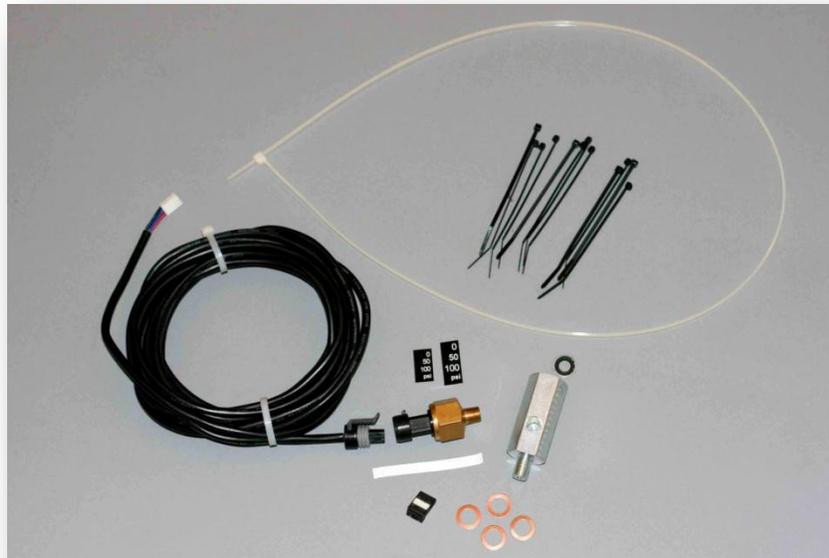
Jaguar XK8 / XKR 'RealGauge' Oil Pressure Option Installation & Operation Manual

'00-'06

Right-Hand Drive

Kit Contents supplied:

- Quantity 1 - 100 PSI automotive oil pressure sensor
- Quantity 1- Oil pressure sensor cable
- Quantity 1 - 4 pin connector body
- Quantity 1- Tee adapter for oil pressure sensor and original factory pressure switch
- Quantity 12- 4" Tie-Wraps
- Quantity 1- 2.5" x 1/4" PTFE thread seal tape for new oil pressure sensor
- Quantity 4- 10 mm inside diameter, 16 mm outside diameter, 1 mm thick copper seal ring and spacer for tee adapter to engine block
- Quantity 1- Replacement steel/rubber sealing ring for original factory pressure switch
- Quantity 1- 36" long tie-wrap wire pulling tool (pre-attached to sensor cable)
- Quantity 1- set of 12-point font numerical self-adhesive labels (usage optional).
- Quantity 1- set of 16-point font numerical self-adhesive labels (usage optional).



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Tools List (must be provided):

- #2 Philips screwdriver
- Ratchet or nutdriver set with 7mm and 8mm sockets.
- Ratcheting torque wrench (recommended)
- 15/16" or 24mm wrench or deep socket
- 7/8" open end wrench
- 7/8" socket
- 13/16" or 21 mm wrench or deep socket
- Slip joint pliers
- Jack safety stands
- Jack (you can use the emergency jack that comes with the car)
- Sharp nail or awl
- Vaseline or KY Jelly or silicone spray lube
- T-20 internal torx driver
- Scissors
- Paper towels or old rags
- Latex or nitrile rubber gloves (recommended)
- Clean soft towel
- Electrical tape
- Engine oil
- Pocket knife or exacto knife
- Small wire cutters
- Small basin or jar
- Tube of RTV sealing compound
- **Small size** metal paper clip

Handy items (may be helpful to have on hand if needed):

- Toothpick
- Superglue or Epoxy
- Small windshield wiper or pulley puller.

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Installation Procedure:

1. In order to proceed with the Oil Pressure Option, the installation of the RealGauge Module must be completed through initial testing. Install the Oil Pressure Option prior to reinstalling the wood dash and the kick panel.
2. Disconnect the battery again.
3. Decide if you want to add numerical scale label stickers to appear on the oil pressure gauge. It is optional. ***If you choose not to add the numerical scale, skip directly to Step 10.***

Please be aware that the scale numbers will not be backlit. This photo illustrates the scale number labels applied:



Note that this example is shown in 16-point Helvetica font, which is the same as the numbers on the voltage gauge. Twelve-point Helvetica font numerical stickers are also provided in the kit if you prefer smaller numbers.

4. Remove the center 3-gauge instrument cluster wood paneling and remove it from the vehicle. See this demonstrated in a video on YouTube at:

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H8AdOTMYfmY&feature=mfu_in_order&list=UL

5. Remove the four Philips screws from the 3-gauge cluster, unplug the cluster and remove it from the vehicle.

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6. Remove the four T-20 torx screws from the front of the gauge cluster (circled in yellow below) and lift off the clear front cover and set it aside. Remove the twin pushbutton actuator for clock setting and put aside.

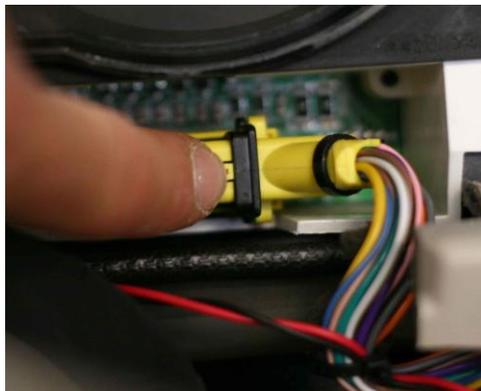


7. Carefully cut out the self-adhesive numbers with sharp scissors. Peel off the backing and apply the ones you select as per the gauge face examples above. Note that the backing is slit in the center of the label to ease removal. Use a toothpick to carefully align and position the adhesive labels before firmly pressing them down. The gauge needle can be rotated gently as necessary without harm. **(Be very careful not to break off the black plastic needle stops...they are quite fragile and are necessary for proper operation of the gauges. If you break a needle stop you will need to repair it with a tiny drop of Superglue or Epoxy.)**

8. Replace the twin pushbutton lock setting actuator and replace the clear front cover of the 3-gauge cluster and the four T-20 torx screws.

9. Plug the 3-gauge cluster harness back in, put it in place and replace the four Philips screws.

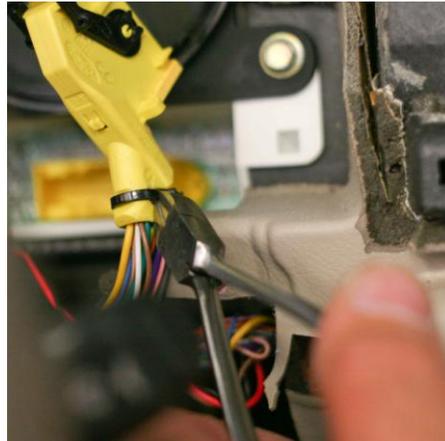
10. Unplug the right side (yellow) main instrument cluster connector by depressing the tab-lock (pointed to in photo below) and pull the hinged black plastic bail away from the wire end of the connector.



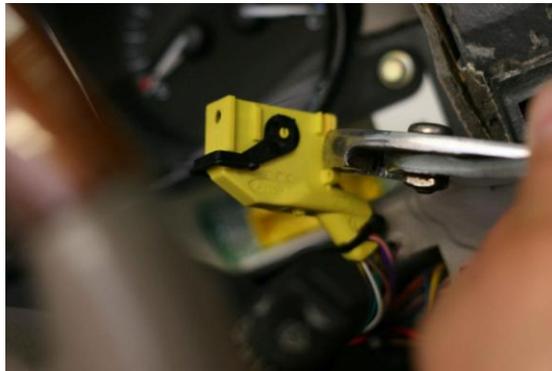
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11. Clip off the zip tie at the harness with diagonal cutters. Be careful not to cut the wires!



12. Pry off the hood retainer gently with a pair of pliers.



13. Pull off the yellow hood.



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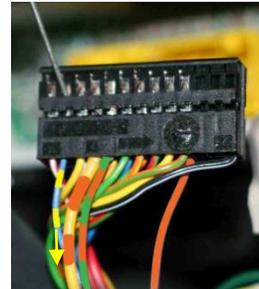
14. Unfold the *small* paper clip. Using the point of the clip to gently depress the terminal locking tab in the connector body window, gently pull the following wires out from the black connector body:

(Note that the pin number for each corner pin (1, 13, 14, 26) is embossed in the connector body and can be used to reference the other positions by counting.)

Orange, position 10



Blue-Yellow, position 15



Orange-Yellow, position 17



Orange-Green, position 18

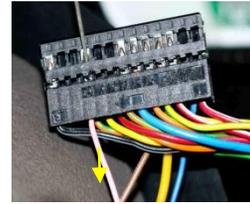


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IMPORTANT NOTE *only* for customers who have previously performed the navigation to 3-gauge conversion from TheJagWrangler. Your wire colors are different. They are as follows:

Pink (do not confuse with beige), position 10



Blue, position 15



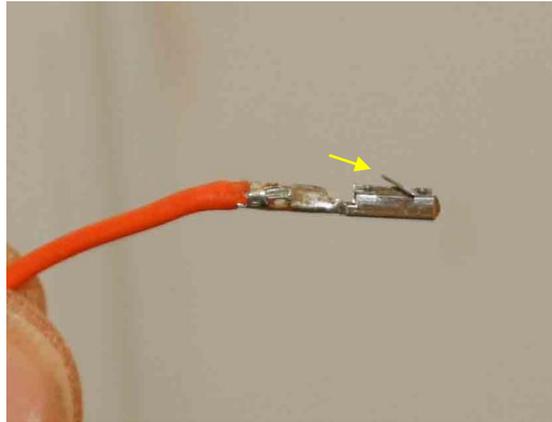
Yellow, position 17



Brown (do not confuse with beige), position 18



15. Check that the locking tab on each terminal stands out about 10 degrees, and bend it back into position if necessary.



16. Insert the terminals into the four position connector body supplied in the kit. Hold the four pin connector with the large openings facing you, and the white plastic insert facing down as shown below. Position 1 is on the right, and position 4 is on the left. Terminals are inserted with the locking tab facing down with the connector body held as shown.



Orange-Yellow, position 1

Orange-Green, position 2

Blue-Yellow, position 3

Orange, position 4



Take care to get this correct the first time. These pins are difficult to extract from the 4-position connector body. If an error is made here, please contact whitexkr@comcast.net for further directions.

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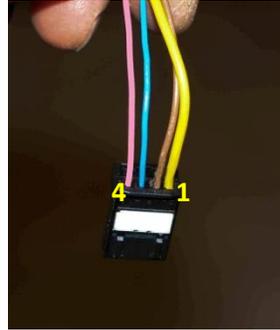
IMPORTANT NOTE *only* for customers who have previously performed the navigation to 3-gauge conversion from TheJagWrangler. Your wire colors are different, they are as follows:

Yellow, position 1

Brown, position 2

Blue, position 3

Pink, position 4

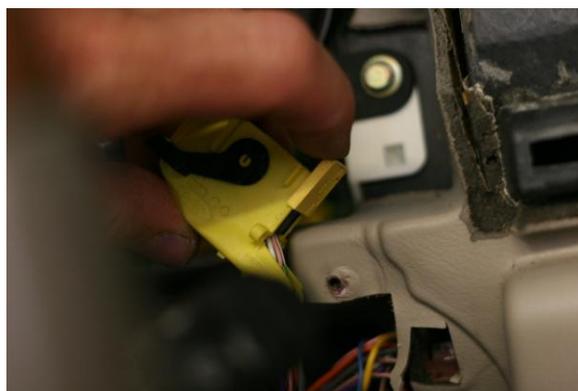


17. Firmly depress the white insert in the connector body to lock the pins in place.

18. Plug this four conductor connector into the mating RealGauge harness connector attached to the gray four conductor cable (wire colors on the right may vary from photo below).



19. Replace the yellow hood. Replace the hood retainer by sliding it on the edge of the hood:

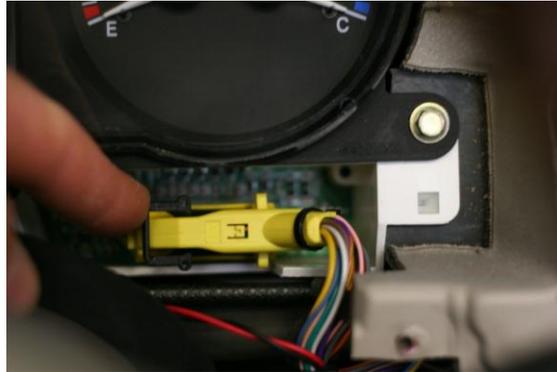


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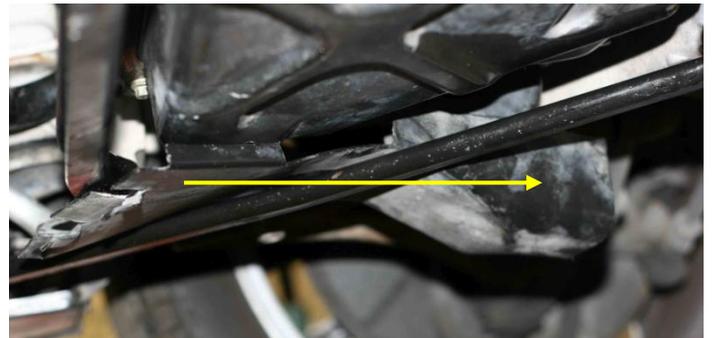
20. Replace the tie wrap on the hood retainer.

21. Plug the yellow connector back in. To plug a connector in, the bail must be fully rotated AWAY from the cable end of the connector to start the insertion process. Then rotate the bail toward the cable end and the connector will self seat.



22. Jack up the front end or the right-hand front corner of the car, as if you were going to access the oil filter for an oil change. **Support the car on jack stands for safety.**

23. Locate the plastic cover (air duct) over the oil filter on the front right side under the engine. Using a 7mm socket remove the single screw and slide the plastic cover off toward the rear of the car. Note that on some cars this plastic cover might be missing.



24. Squeeze the connector tab and unplug the connector from the oil pressure switch (the one with the single orange wire) adjacent to the oil filter. If your car has another sensor with two wires (not all do), leave the other sensor alone.



25. Remove the oil pressure switch using a 13/16" or 21mm deep socket. Have a basin or jar ready to catch the drips. Expect about 2 to 4 oz. of engine oil to drip out. Clean the mating surface on the engine block. Protective rubber gloves are recommended for this step.



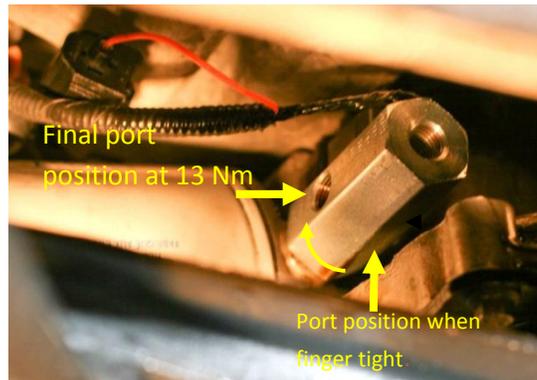
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26. Read this and understand this entire step before proceeding. Place one copper seal washer from the kit on the tee adapter and screw it into the engine block. **IMPORTANT: DO NOT use thread sealing tape on these threads.** Finger tighten until it is snug. ***Only if*** the side port on the adapter now approximately faces down when finger tight, tighten about an additional 90 degrees (to about 13 Nm) with a 7/8" socket so the port faces the righthand side of the car (your left). **Do not overtighten!**

If the side port on the bottom of the adapter does not face down, remove the adapter and add additional copper washers so the it will roughly face down once finger tight (Four washers are supplied in the kit, use only as many that are needed). Each washer will add about 70 degrees of rotation. Note the side port of the tee adapter must face the right-hand side of the car (your left looking at the oil filter from the front of the car) once it is torqued to 13 Nm to provide proper clearance for the pressure sensor. Tightening the tee adapter from finger tight when the port is facing down to 13 Nm will take up the final 90 degrees so the port faces the right-hand side of the car.

The ***final*** position after proper tightening to 13 Nm is shown below in the photo on the right.



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27. Remove and discard the old rubber and metal sealing ring from the oil pressure switch that was removed from the vehicle. Apply a drop of clean engine oil to the new rubber and metal sealing ring supplied in the kit and slide it over the threads until it bottoms at the base of the oil pressure switch. Screw the oil pressure switch into the **END** port of the tee adapter. **IMPORTANT: DO NOT use thread sealing tape on these oil pressure switch threads.** Tighten to temporarily to about 9 Nm with a 13/16" or 21mm deep socket (it will be removed again in a later step for bleeding and tightened to its final torque). **Do not overtighten!**



28. Wrap the supplied white 1/4" x 2.5" PTFE thread sealing tape clockwise (with port facing away from you) around the brass threads of the new oil pressure sensor. Make sure not to cover the sensor port hole with tape. Screw the oil pressure sensor into the **SIDE** port of the tee adapter. Tighten to 6-8 Nm with a 15/16" or 24 mm deep socket. **IMPORTANT: DO NOT SCREW THIS SENSOR ALL THE WAY IN THE THREADED OPENING LIKE YOU DID FOR STEPS 26 and 27. THIS SENSOR IS DESIGNED TO BE TIGHTENED TO 6-8 Nm only. SOME THREADS MAY STILL BE VISIBLE. THIS IS CORRECT. Do not overtighten!**



29. Using an old rag or paper towels, clean off any oil drips thoroughly from the engine and chassis.

30. Plug in the oil pressure switch connector with the orange wire at the oil pressure switch. If the wire now seems too short to reach, feed some additional slack by pulling the black corrugated plastic harness from which the orange wire is fed. Do not pull the orange wire itself. Do not install the connector so the orange wire is under constant tension.

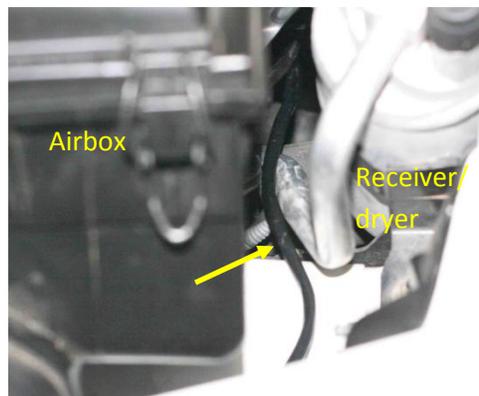
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31. Plug in the supplied oil pressure sensor 3-wire cable into the oil pressure sensor and add a tie wrap to tie the two harnesses together.

32. Thread the oil pressure sensor cable from below to the top of the engine compartment up near the radiator on the right side of the car so it emerges at the top between the airbox and the air conditioning receiver/dryer near the right front fender as shown below. Pull the full length of the cable through. **Tie wrap the cable to nearby hoses or harnesses so that it is well clear of the fan and the serpentine belt and pulleys underneath the car. Be especially careful to keep it clear of the nearby alternator pulley.**

This route was chosen because it is important the cable is routed clear of the exhaust manifold or it will be damaged from the exhaust heat. It is also easy to route without lots of disassembly.



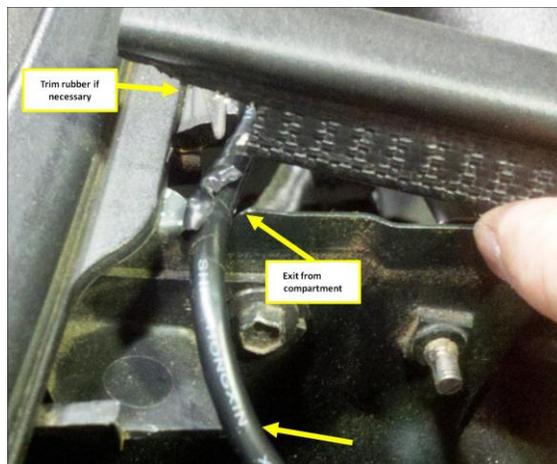
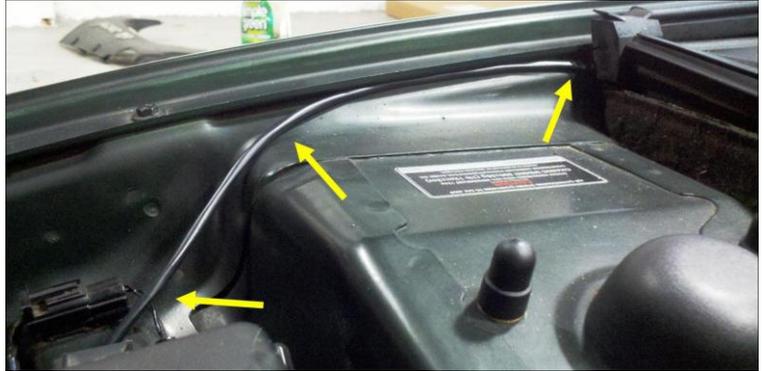
33. Route the sensor cable under the airbox snorkel and tie wrap it to the airbox bolt.



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34. Remove the cover of the brake booster (right) compartment by lifting from the hole on top and pulling it away from the fender. Continue routing the sensor cable under the fender lip and into the brake booster compartment, lifting the rubber block to gain access to the compartment. Wrap three turns of electrical tape around the cable before inserting it in the groove at the entrance and exit of the brake booster compartment near the firewall.



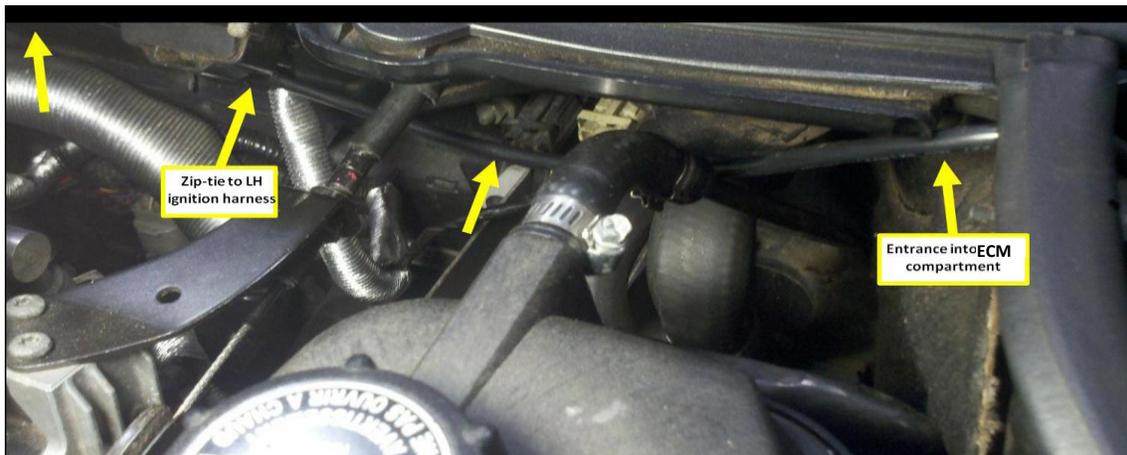
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35. Remove the ECM (left) compartment cover by lifting from the hole on top and pulling it away from the fender.



Route across the firewall into the ECM compartment, adding zip ties as shown. Lift the weatherstrip of the ECM compartment nearest the windshield and insert the sensor cable in the groove under the weather strip at the back of the ECM compartment. Wrap three turns of electrical tape around the cable before inserting it in the groove; then replace the weatherstrip.



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36. Remove the windshield wipers and plastic cowl under the windshield. Follow the Jaguar instructions posted here: http://www.thejagwrangler.com/uploads/8/0/2/8/8028029/wiper_arm_removal.pdf and http://www.thejagwrangler.com/uploads/8/0/2/8/8028029/cowl_removal.pdf

37. Pry loose the accordion rubber boot near the fender on the bottom of the ECM compartment (see photo below). Use a flat blade screwdriver if necessary to assist. There may be a rubbery adhesive bond between the rubber and metal that you need to break.



38. Poke a hole in the top of the accordion boot with a nail or awl about three ridges up from the base. Use a pocket knife or Exacto knife to expand the hole slightly with two crossing 1/8" to 1/4" slots. Thread the sensor cable zip tie through from the outside to the inside of the boot. Use some Vaseline, KY Jelly or silicone lubricant where the cable is looped over to ease pulling the entire cable length through the hole in the rubber boot.



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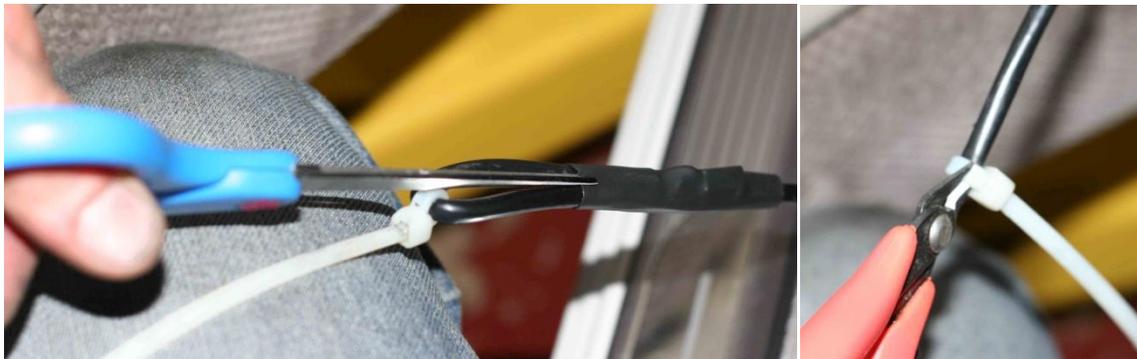
39. Now poke the nylon fish line at the end of the sensor harness through the gap in the foam insulation below the ECM compartment, exactly where the multicolored cable is routed into the passenger compartment. Push through at least 18 inches or so. Open the driver door and locate where the fish line has emerged under the dashboard. Be patient, this may take several tries. Pull it all the way through, into the passenger compartment, along with the cable. It may also help to place a light in the footwell and to guide the nylon fish line toward the light.



40. Press the rubber flange of the accordion boot securely back into the bottom of the ECM compartment. It is recommended to use some RTV sealing compound on the lip where the base of the rubber flange meets the metal opening. Replace the plastic cowl and wipers if they were removed earlier. Replace the brake booster compartment cover.

41. Route the sensor cable from where it emerges under the left side of the dashboard over to the right side of the dashboard beneath the instrument cluster. Use tie wraps to secure the cable and be careful the cable routing does not interfere with the steering position adjustment mechanism.

42. Using scissors, carefully cut and remove the heatshrink tubing that was used to create a pulling loop in the sensor cable. Also use wire cutters to remove the long zip tie that was used for pulling.



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43. Under the dashboard, route the cable over kick panel mounting rail below the dashboard. Then route sensor cable up and alongside the left of the main instrument cluster and over the top of the cluster. Plug the sensor cable into the 3-pin connector on the front edge of the RealGauge module with the red wire on the left and the black wire on the right.



44. Reconnect the battery negative cable with the key removed from the car. If possible, have an observer in the car watching the coolant gauge **AND the oil pressure gauge** as you reconnect the battery. **BOTH** gauges will now undergo an initialization and test sequence automatically when the battery is connected, first the coolant gauge, followed by the oil pressure gauge. First the needle will vibrate at the low end of the scale for a second or two. This is the calibration process. Then, for the test sequence, the needle will swing to the top of the scale, the alarm will go off briefly while it hits the red area, after which the needle will return to the low end of the scale.

45. Reset your windows after reconnecting the battery as follows: Get in the vehicle and shut the doors. Turn on the ignition fully, but do not start the car. Roll the windows all the way down, holding the window down button until you hear a click. Now roll the windows up, holding the up button until you hear a click. (On non-North American cars you may also need to reset the radio code. The code can be obtained from your dealer with proof of ownership if you do not have it.)

46. Now turn on the ignition fully, but do not start the car. Press and hold in the trip cycle button (at the end of the left/right turn blinker stalk) for at least four seconds.



After about four seconds another test sequence should initiate. The coolant gauge needle should swing to the top of the scale, the alarm will go off briefly while it hits the red area, and then the needle will return to the low end of the scale. This will then repeat for the oil pressure gauge. History of peak

temperature and minimum oil pressure from any previous engine starts in memory will then play back from memory, and then you should then hear four quick beeps in a sequence. (Note that the memory will register zero oil pressure for any engine starts performed prior to the oil pressure sensor installation. This is normal).

47. Now start the engine. Note a reading on the oil pressure gauge. If there are any alarms or warnings immediately shut off the engine and recheck your sensor connections.

48. Allow the engine to run for at least 3 minutes and make sure no oil is leaking out at the sensor connections. Shut off the engine.

49. Now bleed the air out of the tee adapter. Do not skip this step, it is necessary to prevent false low oil pressure readings or alarms at idle. To perform the air bleeding, unplug the oil pressure switch connector (orange wire) and remove ONLY the oil pressure switch (at the END of the tee) again using a 13/16" or 21mm deep socket, while holding a 7/8" open end wrench on the tee so it does not loosen. Have a basin or jar ready to catch the drips from the end of the tee. Once the oil stream starts flowing out, after 3 to 4 seconds replace the oil pressure switch again and tighten the oil pressure switch this time to **13 Nm**. Then plug in the connector again. Again clean up any oil drips with a rag or paper towels. Protective rubber gloves are recommended for this step.

50. Allow the engine to fully warm up and check for oil leaks by the sensors that were just installed.

51. If there are no leaks, shut off the engine and replace the plastic cover over the oil filter and 7mm cap screw.

52. Lower the vehicle to the ground.

53. Check your engine oil level and top it off if necessary.

54. If everything is operating normally, add a few tie-wraps to neaten the harness installation beside and below the instrument cluster to minimize wire movement. Clip the tie wrap tails.

Next replace the screws for the instrument cluster and the wood bezels, and reinstall the lower kick panel.

Remember to reinstall the connectors for the trip button on the instrument cluster wood bezel, and the valet switch and aspirator fan on the kick panel.

Congratulations on a successful installation!

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Having Difficulty?

For support, email: whitexkr@comcast.net with as much detail as possible.

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Operation:

The RealGauge Module oil pressure option does not need any special attention on a normal day-to-day basis. You will now see normal fluctuations in oil pressure as you drive, depending on the engine temperature, the engine speed, and oil viscosity. Normal fluctuations can be quite large, typically from about 10 psi to 75 psi. By noticing changes to normal oil pressure patterns, you increase the likelihood that you can have oil pressure problems evaluated and repaired before they become serious, expensive and potentially leave you stranded.

There are some special features which are available to test the unit, provide alarm, suppress the alarm, and provide a historical account of oil pressure:

Audible Alarm (High temperature or Low Oil Pressure)-

An over-temperature condition (over 230 degrees F) or a low oil pressure condition, as detected by the Jaguar OEM oil pressure switch (set at 6 psi) or the optional Realgauge oil pressure sensor (set at 8 psi) will cause an audible alarm, which is a high pitched continuous tone. In either case, the car should be pulled off the road as soon as it is safe to do so and the engine shut off to prevent engine damage.

Temporary Audio Alarm Suppression-

If the audio alarm goes off indicating an over-temperature condition or low oil pressure condition, the alarm can be suppressed by pressing and holding in the trip cycle button (at the end of the left/right turn blinker stalk) for 1.5 seconds. (Afterwards, you can manually cycle the trip cycle button back to your desired display). *The alarm will then remain suppressed until the ignition is turned off no matter what the temperature or oil pressure reading is*, and then re-enabled the next time the ignition is turned on again.

Test Mode / History Replay-

With the ignition fully on, but the engine off, press and hold in the trip cycle button (at the end of the left/right turn blinker stalk) for four seconds. (Afterwards, you can manually cycle the trip cycle button back to your desired display). This invokes test mode where the needle will swing to the top of the scale, and the alarm will trigger briefly, as a test, when it hits the red area of the scale. Then it will return to the low end of the scale.

At the end of the test mode the History Replay will automatically begin. The **peak temperature** and **minimum oil pressure** recorded during each engine run (oldest first) since installation will replay

simultaneously on the coolant temperature gauge and oil pressure gauge respectively, for up to 60 of the last engine runs. After 60 engine runs, the oldest engine run is erased, and the most recent 60 runs will replay. Each engine run's reading will be preceded by two quick 'beeps', then the gauge needles will go to the peak temperature and minimum oil pressure for that entire engine run. When all the run peak replays are completed (about 120 seconds), four quick 'beeps' will signal the end of History Replay and operation will return to normal.

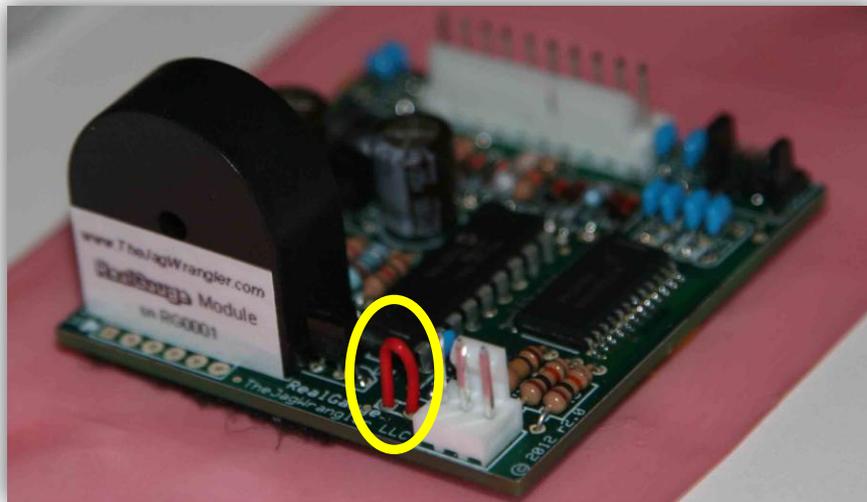
At any point during the History Replay, the replay can be halted by turning off the ignition or by starting the engine. If History Replay is restarted again, it will begin again with oldest first even if the replay had been interrupted previously.

The History Replay is useful for finding patterns which may indicate degrading operation of the cooling system or the engine oiling system. History Replay data is maintained permanently in non-volatile memory even if the car battery is disconnected.

Permanent alarm disable:

It is possible to permanently disable the audible alarm feature if this is desired. This is recommended if there is concern that the driver might be distracted or startled by the audible alarm. With the battery negative terminal disconnected, use small wire cutters clip off the red wire loop (shown below) at the front of the RealGauge module. Then reconnect the battery and reset the windows.

This will **permanently** silence and disable the alarm for the high coolant temperature and low oil pressure and you will **never** have an audible alarm. This can be verified by invoking Test Mode as described above.



Disclaimer

The purchaser assumes all liability for any and all damages which may result directly or indirectly from the installation, the use or the failure of this product.

No warranty is provided if this unit fails to warn of a fault condition in your vehicle and damage or expenses are incurred, other than refund of kit purchase price or replacement of the unit.

Use of the audible alarm feature is at the purchaser's risk, as it may distract or startle the driver and lead to an accident. If it is not desired, utilize the permanent alarm disable option.

Installation of this unit, as for many aftermarket products, may void your vehicle's warranty, if any.

If you do not agree to these terms please return the product within 90 days for a full refund.

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